Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. Financial Statements September 30, 2010 and 2009 Independent Accountants' Review Report

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the Corporation) as of September 30, 2010, and the related statements of income and cash flows for the nine months then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report based on our review. The financial statements of Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. as of September 30, 2009, and for the nine months then ended have been reviewed by other auditors, who have issued a review report dated October 13, 2009, expressed an unqualified review report.

We conducted our review in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 – "Engagements to Review Financial Statements" of the Republic of China. A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review as of September 30, 2010, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

We have also reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of the Corporation and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the nine months then ended on which we have issued modified review report dated October 13, 2010, with prior period consolidated financial statements were reviewed by other auditors.

KPMG Taipei, Taiwan (the Republic of China) October 13, 2010

Note to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures, and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Par Value) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	2010		2009		
ASSETS	 Amount	%	Amount	%	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2, 4(a), 4(t) and 5)	\$ 1,017,610	1	1,009,239	1	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	199,120	-	-	-	
(Notes 2,4(b) and 4(t))					
Available-for-sale financial assets - current (Notes 2,4(c) and 4(t))	190,182	-	173,039	-	
Hedging derivative financial assets - current (Notes 2, 4(t) and 11)	-	-	54,181	-	
Notes receivable (Note 4(t))	9,385	-	16,434	-	
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 2,4(d) and 4(t))	5,580,981	7	5,752,742	7	
Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 2,4(t) and 5)	53,139	-	19,079	-	
Other receivables (Note 4(t))	178,829	-	220,465	-	
Other receivables - related parties (Notes 4(t) and 5)	12,595,080	15	2,121,554	3	
Inventories (Note 2)	907,558	1	344,278	1	
Prepayments (Notes 4(e) and 5)	555,250	1	526,605	1	
Deferred income tax assets - current (Notes 2 and 4(r))	2,439	-	29,225	-	
Pledged time deposits (Notes $4(t)$, 5 and 6)	-	-	10,000	-	
Other current assets	 6,143		8,934	-	
Total current assets	 21,295,716	25	10,285,775	13	
INVESTMENTS					
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 2 and 4(f))	10,120,578	12	12,449,771	15	
Prepayment for long-term investments (Notes 2 and 4(f))	49,900	-	-	-	
Financial assets carried at cost - non-current (Notes 2,4(g) and 4(t))	50,324	_	50,324	-	
Total investments	 10,220,802	12	12,500,095	15	
1 otar myestments	 10,220,002	12	12,500,055	15	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Notes 2 \ 4(h) and 5)					
Land	3,853,632	5	3,866,289	5	
Buildings	2,375,718	3	2,385,587	3	
Telecommunication equipment	54,672,810	65	56,866,712	70	
Office equipment	18,789	-	42,942	-	
Leased assets	1,285,920	1	1,285,920	1	
Miscellaneous equipment	 2,478,562	3	2,581,853	3	
	64,685,431	77	67,029,303	82	
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,040,700)	(37)	(29,493,170)	(36)	
Construction in progress and prepayments for equipment	 1,949,803	2	2,143,046	3	
Net property and equipment	 35,594,534	42	39,679,179	49	
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Note 2)					
3G concession license	6,168,600	8	6,916,309	9	
Computer software cost	1,532	-	3,679	-	
Goodwill (Note 4(i))	 6,835,370	8	6,835,370	8	
Total intangible assets	 13,005,502	16	13,755,358	17	
OTHER ASSETS					
Assets leased to others (Notes 2, 4(j) and 5)	2,206,677	3	2,202,405	3	
Idle assets (Notes 2 and 4(j))	220,691	-	220,699	-	
Refundable deposits (Note 4(t))	316,783	-	316,331	-	
Deferred charges (Note 2)	377,354	1	396,788	1	
Deferred income tax assets - non-current (Notes 2 and 4(r))	1,181,645	1	1,812,154	2	
Other (Notes 2 and 4(p))	 35,111	-	57,215	-	
Total other assets	 4,338,261	5	5,005,592	6	
TOTAL	\$ 84,454,815	100	81,225,999	100	

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Short-term borrowings (Notes 4(k),4(t) and 5) Short-term notes and bills payable (Notes 4(1) and 4(t)) Accounts payable (Notes 4(t)) Income taxes payable (Notes 2, 4(r) and 4(t)) Accrued expenses (Notes 4(t) and 5) Other payables (Notes 2,4(t) and 5) Advance receipts (Note 4(t)) Current portion of long-term liabilities (Notes 4(n) and 4(t)) Guarantee deposits – current(Note 4(t)) Other current liabilities (Note 5) **Total current liabilities**

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Bonds payable (Notes 4(n) and 4(t))

OTHER LIABILITIES

Guarantee deposits (Note 4(t)) Deferred credits - gains on intercompany accounts (Notes 2 and 4(f)) Other (Note 2)

Total other liabilities

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Notes 2 and 4(q))

Total liabilities

Capital stock - NT\$10.00 par value Authorized: 6,000,000 thousand shares Issued: 3,800,925 thousand shares Capital surplus From convertible bonds From treasury stock transactions From long-term investments Other Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Other equity Cumulative translation adjustments Net loss not recognized as pension cost Unrealized gains on financial instruments Treasury stock Total shareholders' equity **Commitments and Contingencies (Note 7)**

TOTAL

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

	2010		2009		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
\$	13,145,000	16	3,300,000	4	
Ŧ	199,770	-	-	-	
	2,657,816	3	1,954,001	2	
	493,156	1	731,409	1	
	4,482,755	5	4,406,649	6	
	3,340,144	4	3,572,102	4	
	2,004,912	2	828,034	1	
	-	-	7,500,000	9	
	57,495 502,353	- 1	63,879 427,329	- 1	
	26,883,401	$\frac{1}{32}$	22,783,403	1 28	
	20,005,401		22,785,405	20	
	8,000,000	10	8,000,000	10	
	272,932	-	261,568	-	
	1,238,378	2	1,238,378	2	
	370,100	-	344,670	-	
	1,881,410	2	1,844,616	2	
	36,764,811	44	32,628,019	40	
	38,009,254	45	38,009,254	47	
	8,775,819	11	8,775,819	11	
	3,639,302	4	3,639,302	4	
	4,528	-	3,743	-	
	12,840	-	12,840	-	
	15,332,799	18	13,943,913	17	
	821,741	1	3,350,000	4	
	12,902,262	15	12,638,725	16	
	5,653	-	13,721	-	
	(3,797)	-	285	-	
	78,703	-	99,478	-	
	(31,889,100)	(38)	(31,899,100)	(39)	
	47,690,004	56	48,597,980	60	

\$ 84,454,815	100	81,225,999	100
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TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

2009 2010 Amount % Amount % **OPERATING REVENUES (Notes 2 and 5)** 41,102,404 \$ 94 97 Telecommunication service revenue 41,466,031 2,460,711 Other revenue 6 1,446,673 3 43,563,115 **Total operating revenues** 100 42,912,704 100 **OPERATING COSTS (Notes 2, 5 and 10)** 23,715,743 54 20,454,602 48 19,847,372 46 **GROSS PROFIT** 22,458,102 52 **OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2, 5 and 10)** 6,179,397 Marketing 14 6,931,602 16 2,797,235 Administrative 3,049,998 7 7 8,976,632 23 **Total operating expenses** 21 9,981,600 **OPERATING INCOME** 25 29 10,870,740 12,476,502 NON-OPERATING INCOME AND GAINS Investment income recognized under the equity method, net (Notes 2 and 2,651,583 2,229,831 5 4(f)6 Income from penalty charge 197,279 188,479 1 1 Rental income (Notes 2 and 5) 142,441 145,907 33,287 Interest income (Note 5) 40.999 Dividend income (Note 2) 11,031 10,405 153,966 Other (Notes 2 and 4(d)) 129,431 3,189,587 Total non-operating income and gains 7 2,745,052 6 NON-OPERATING EXPENSES AND LOSSES 1,164,595 Loss on disposal and retirement of property and equipment (Note 2) 3 1,267,029 3 234,760 Interest expenses (Notes 2, 4(h), 5 and 11) 350,359 1 Financial charges 17,072 17,290 Impairment loss (Notes 2 and 4(g)) 9,740 61,992 Other (Note 2) 81,973 1,478,419 1,726,391 Total non-operating expenses and losses 3 4 12,581,908 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX 29 13,495,163 31 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 2 and 4(r)) 1,946,401 5 3,123,192 7 **NET INCOME** 10,635,507 24 10,371,971 24 \$ Before Before After After Income Income Income Income Tax Tax Tax Tax EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 4(s)) Basic 4.21 3.56 4.53 3.49 Diluted \$ 4.20 3.55 4.52 3.47 Pro forma information if the Corporation's stocks held by its subsidiaries were treated as an investment instead of treasury stock (after income tax): 9,896,064 NET INCOME \$ 10,635,507 EARNINGS PER SHARE AFTER INCOME TAX Basic 2.80 2.61 Diluted 2.79 2.61

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	 2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 10,635,507	10,371,971
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating	, ,	, ,
activities:		
Depreciation	5,418,168	5,242,086
Investment income recognized under the equity method, net	(2,651,583)	(2,229,831)
Cash dividends received from equity-method investees	2,383,941	5,525,230
Loss on disposal and retirement of property and equipment, net	1,164,595	1,267,029
Amortization	658,003	649,324
Deferred income taxes	469,623	775,870
Bad debts	337,754	467,758
Provision (reversal) of allowance for loss on inventories	7,597	(8,598)
Pension cost	2,340	1,899
Compensation cost recognized from employee stock options	_	108,153
Impairment loss	-	9,740
Change in operating assets and liabilities		- ,
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(199,120)	-
Notes receivable	7,387	(2,295)
Accounts receivable, net	(380,327)	(432,437)
Accounts receivable - related parties	(30,471)	(13,610)
Other receivables	(23,250)	62,135
Other receivables - related parties	(21,765)	(53,800)
Inventories	(486,025)	(25,782)
Prepayments	(72,652)	101,732
Other current assets	(3,609)	(1,052)
Accounts payable	602,060	(306,527)
Income taxes payable	(985,197)	(1,407,854)
Accrued expenses	(66,453)	(237,217)
Other payables	(107,050)	(218,034)
Advance receipts	809,080	(533,377)
Other current liabilities	47,696	55,474
Net cash provided by operating activities	 17,516,249	19,167,987
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(10,465,000)	
Financing provided to investees	(10,465,000)	(32,000)
Proceeds from investees' capital reduction	3,502,717	5,356
Acquisition of property and equipment	(3,403,028)	(3,408,479)
Increase in investments accounted for using the equity method	(149,900)	-
Increase in deferred charges	(68,459)	(175,760)
Decrease in pledged time deposits	10,000	-
(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	(3,868)	1,237
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	420	-
Decrease in other assets	142	10,105
Increase in computer software costs	 -	(1,686)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (10,576,976)	(3,601,227)

(Continued)

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

		2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash dividends paid		(15,028,201)	(13,968,840)
Increase in short-term borrowings		8,145,000	2,000,000
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable		(100,102)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits		4,598	10,466
Decrease in long-term borrowings		-	(5,200,000)
Transfer of treasury stock to employees			1,056,478
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,978,705)	(16,101,896)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(39,432)	(535,136)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		1,057,042	1,544,375
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	1,017,610	1,009,239
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Interest paid	\$	16,928	113,091
Less interest capitalized	φ	4,968	11,643
Interest paid - excluding interest capitalized	\$	11,960	101,448
		<u> </u>	<u>,</u>
Income tax paid	\$	2,391,675	3,953,947
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Current portion of long-term liabilities	\$	-	7,500,000
Reclassification of the corporation's shares held by its subsidiaries to			
treasury stock	\$	31,889,100	31,889,100
CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$	3,149,608	3,143,356
Decrease in other payables		270,125	253,523
(Increase) decrease in other liabilities - other		(16,705)	11,600
Cash paid for acquisition of property and equipment	\$	3,403,028	3,408,479

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. was incorporated in the Republic of China (ROC) on February 25, 1997. The Corporation's shares began to be traded on the ROC Over-the-Counter Securities Exchange (known as GreTai Securities Market) on September 19, 2000. On August 26, 2002, the Corporation's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Corporation mainly renders wireless communication services.

The Corporation's services are under the type I license issued by the Directorate General of Telecommunications (DGT) of the ROC. The license allows the Corporation to provide services for 15 years from 1997 onwards. It also entails the payment of an annual license fee consisting of 2% of total wireless communication service revenues. On March 24, 2005, the Corporation received the third generation (3G) concession operation license issued by the DGT. The 3G license allows the Corporation to provide services from the issuance date of the license to December 31, 2018.

As of September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Corporation had 2,505 and 2,485 employees, respectively.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's financial statements were compiled in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the Business Entity Accounting Act, the Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Handling, and Republic of China generally accepted accounting principles. In conformity with the above, the Corporation is required to make certain estimates and assumptions that could affect the amounts of allowance for doubtful accounts, provision for losses on decline in value of inventories, depreciation, pension, allowance for deferred income tax assets, bonus to employees, remuneration to directors and supervisors, impairment loss on assets, etc. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

The significant accounting policies and measurement basis are as follows:

Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include cash and cash equivalents, assets held for trading, and those expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within twelve months from the balance sheet date. Other assets such as property and equipment and intangible assets are classified as non-current. Current liabilities are obligations held for trading and those expected to be due within twelve months from the balance sheet date. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash Equivalents

Government bonds and short-term bills, whose carrying value approximates fair value, acquired with repurchase rights and having maturities of up to three months from the date of purchase, are classified as cash equivalents.

Financial Instruments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets or liabilities held for trading and those designated on initial recognition to be measured at fair value with fair value changes recognized in profit or loss. On initial recognition, the financial instruments are recognized at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently measured at fair value with fair value changes recognized in profit or loss. The purchase or sale of the financial instruments is recognized and derecognized using trade-date accounting.

The fair value of open-end mutual funds is based on the net asset value on the balance sheet date.

Available-for-sale Financial Assets

On initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. When subsequently measured at fair value, the fair value changes are recognized directly in equity. The cumulative gain or loss that was recognized in equity is recognized in profit or loss when an available-for-sale financial asset is derecognized from the balance sheet. The purchase or sale of the financial instruments is recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

Cash dividends are recognized as dividend income on the ex-dividend date, but are accounted for as reductions to the original cost of investments if such dividends are declared on the earnings of investees attributable to periods prior to the purchase of investments. Stock dividends are not recognized as current income but are accounted for only as an increase in the number of shares held. The cost per share is re-calculated based on the new number of shares.

An impairment loss is recognized if there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If the amount of impairment loss decreases in the subsequent period, such decrease is recognized in equity.

The fair value of listed stocks is based on the closing price on the balance sheet date.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided on the basis of past experience and an evaluation of the aging and collectibility of all receivables at the balance sheet date.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost. Before January 1, 2009, inventories were stated at the lower of the cost or market value. Market value was evaluated on the basis of replacement cost or net realizable value. Effective from January 1, 2009, however, inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. When comparing cost and net realizable value, inventories are evaluated by individual items.

Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Long-term investments in which the Corporation owns 20% or more of an investee's outstanding voting shares or exercises significant influence on an investee are accounted for under equity method.

In accordance with the newly revised Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS), the cost of acquisition is subjected to an initial analysis, and goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the identifiable net asset value. Goodwill is no longer amortized. If the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired exceeds the cost of investments, the excess should be assigned to non-current assets (except for financial assets not under equity method, assets for disposal, deferred income tax assets, and prepaid pension costs or other retirement benefit costs). If these assets are all reduced to zero, the remaining excess should be recognized as extraordinary gain. Starting January 1, 2006, the unamortized balance of the excess of the acquisition cost of the long-term investment by the equity method over the equity in the investee's net asset value is no longer amortized, and this accounting treatment also applies to goodwill.

Gains or losses from downstream transactions to its subsidiaries are deferred and included in deferred income (loss) and recorded as other liabilities (assets). Gains or losses on the upstream transactions to the Corporation by equity-method investees that are not majority owned are deferred in proportion to the Corporation's ownership percentages in the investees until these sales are realized through transactions with third parties.

The cost and the resulting gain or loss of an investment sold is determined by the weighted-average cost method.

Financial Assets Carried at Cost

If there is no active market for an equity instrument, and a reliable fair value can not be estimated, the equity instrument, including non-publicly traded and emerging stocks, etc, is measured at cost. The accounting for the dividends from financial assets carried at cost is the same as that for an available-for-sale financial assets. Impairment losses are recognized if a decrease in the fair value of the instruments can be objectively related to an event. Reversal of impairment loss is not allowed.

Property and Equipment, and Assets Leased to Others

Property and equipment, and assets leased to others are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Significant additions, renewals, betterments, and interest expenses incurred during the construction period are capitalized while maintenance and repairs are expensed. Leased property and equipment from others covered by agreements qualifying as capital leases are carried at the lower of the present value of the future minimum lease payments or the market value of the property on the starting dates of the leases.

For cost associated with dismantling and relocating fixed assets and restoring the leased premises housing our fixed assets to the previous state should be recognized as an addition to the fixed assets and accrued as a potential liability accordingly, based on the Interpretation No. 2008-340 issued by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) in November 2008.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives, which range as follows: buildings - 50 to 55 years; telecommunication equipment - 2 to 15 years; office equipment - 3 to 5 years; leased assets - 20 years; and miscellaneous equipment - 3 to 5 years.

Upon sale or retirement of property and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss is credited or charged to non-operating gain or loss in the period of disposal.

Accounting for Leases

In accordance with SFAS No. 2, "Accounting for Leases," a lease is identified as either an operating lease or a capital lease based on the lease contract terms, the collectability of the leasehold, and the un-reimbursable costs to be incurred by the lessor.

The asset held under an operating lease is stated at cost and depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. Receivables collected are periodically recognized as rental income during the lease contract.

At the inception date of a capital lease, total leasehold receivables shall be recognized as all rental receivables plus the pre-determined bargain purchase price offered to the lessee upon maturity or estimated residual value. For a financing-type of capital lease, leasehold receivables should be recognized as the sum of present value derived from each future rental receivable based on an implicit interest rate of the lease. The excess of total leasehold receivables over the present value of leasehold receivables should be deferred as unrealized interest income and amortized as interest income by the effective interest method upon each collection.

Intangible Assets

a. Franchise

Franchise refers to the payment for the 3G mobile telecommunication service - License C. The 3G concession is recorded at acquisition cost and is amortized by straight-line method over 13 years and 9 months starting from the launch of 3G services.

b. Computer software

Computer software cost is amortized by the straight-line method over 3 years.

c. Goodwill

In accordance with the newly revised SFAS, goodwill is no longer amortized. Please refer to the accounting policy of investments accounted for by the equity method.

Idle Assets

Properties not currently used in operations are stated at the lower of book value or net realizable value, with the difference charged to current loss. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Deferred Charges

Deferred charges, mainly interior decoration costs, are amortized by the straight-line method over three to five years.

Asset Impairment

If the carrying value of assets (including property and equipment, intangible assets, idle assets, assets leased to others, investments accounted for using the equity method, and deferred charges) is more than its recoverable amount, which indicates that an impairment exists, an impairment loss should be recognized. Any subsequent reversal of the impairment loss for the increase in recoverable amount is recognized as income. The reversal of impairment loss on goodwill is not allowed.

Share-based Compensation

Employee stock options granted on or after January 1, 2008, are accounted for under SFAS No 39, "Accounting for Share-based Payment." Under the statement, the value of the stock options granted, which is equal to the best available estimate of the number of stock options expected to vest multiplied by the grant-date fair value, is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus-employee stock options.

Pension Costs

The pension costs under the defined benefit pension plan are recognized on the basis of actuarial calculations. The contribution amounts of the pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan are recognized as current expenses during the employees' service years.

Income Taxes

The inter-period and intra-period allocation methods are used for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the tax effects of temporary differences, unused tax credits, and net operating loss carryforwards. Valuation allowance is provided for deferred income tax assets to the extent that more likely than not such assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as current or non-current according to the classification of related assets or liabilities for financial reporting. However, if deferred tax assets or liabilities do not relate to assets or liabilities in the financial statements, they are classified as current or non-current on the basis of the expected length of time before realized.

Tax credits for certain purchases of equipment and technology, research and development expenditures, and personnel training are recognized by the current method.

Adjustments to prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax expense.

Income tax of 10% on unappropriated earnings generated is provided for as income tax in the year when the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.

Treasury Stock

The purchase of issued shares is accounted for by debiting treasury stock, which is a reduction of shareholders' equity. The Corporation's shares held by its subsidiaries are treated as treasury stock and reclassified from investments accounted for using the equity method to treasury stock.

If the proceeds on the disposal of treasury stock exceed the carrying value of treasury stock, the excess is credited to capital surplus from treasury stock. If the proceeds are less than the carrying value of treasury stock, the difference is debited to capital surplus from treasury stock. If the balance of capital surplus from treasury stock is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the rest is recorded as a reduction of retained earnings.

Foreign-currency Transactions

Assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses denominated in foreign currencies as a result of foreign-currency transactions of non-derivative financial instruments are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions.

Monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are included in profit or loss for the current period.

Non-monetary assets or liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date when the fair value was determined, and the resulting exchange differences are included in profit or loss for the current period except for the differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary assets and liabilities in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in equity. For such non-monetary assets and liabilities, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognized directly in equity. Non-monetary assets or liabilities carried at cost that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the historical rates prevailing at the dates of transactions.

The above prevailing exchange rates are based on the average of bid and ask rates of major banks.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized when the service rendering process is completed or virtually completed, and earnings are realizable and measurable. Related costs of providing services are concurrently recognized as incurred.

Service revenues from wireless services and value-added services, net of any applicable discount, are billed at predetermined rates. Prepaid card services are recognized on the basis of minutes of usage.

Promotion Expenses

Commissions and cellular phone subsidy costs pertaining to the Corporation's promotions are recognized as marketing expenses on an accrual basis in the current period.

Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivatives that qualify as effective hedging instruments are measured at fair value, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized either in earnings or shareholders' equity, depending on the nature of the hedge.

Hedge Accounting

When hedge accounting is applied, gain or loss from changes in the fair value of the derivatives (hedging instruments) shall be offset by that of financial assets or liabilities (hedged position).

Because the Corporation entered into interest rate swaps (IRS) contracts to hedge against cash flow risk from inverse floating interest rates of liabilities, it was qualified to apply hedge accounting. The accounting treatment is as follows: Gain or loss from changes in the fair value of the derivatives, which is recognized in shareholder's equity, shall be reclassified in earnings, if gain or loss from the expected transaction of the hedged position occurs. When there is any objective evidence that the net loss recognized in shareholders' equity is expected to be unrecoverable, the mentioned net loss should be reclassified as earnings as well.

3. EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES : None

4. SUMMARY OF MAJOR ACCOUNTS

a. Cash and cash equivalents

	September 30			
		2010	2009	
Cash in banks	\$	493,832	394,202	
Short-term notes and bills with repurchase rights		245,594	-	
Government bonds with repurchase rights		200,000	533,000	
Time deposits		37,656	43,717	
Cash on hand		33,803	32,567	
Revolving funds		6,725	5,753	
	\$	1,017,610	1,009,239	

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current

Information of financial instrument held for trading is as follow:

	September 30		
		2010	2009
Trading financial assets			
Beneficiary certificates			
Open-end mutual fund	\$	199,120	-
c. Available-for-sale financial assets – current			
	September 30		
		2010	2009
Domestic listed stocks			
Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.	\$	190,182	173,039
d. Accounts receivable, net			
	September 30		
		2010	2009
Accounts receivable	\$	5,963,346	6,194,831

For the first quarter of 2010, the Corporation entered into an accounts receivable factoring contract with HC First Asset Management Co., Ltd. The Corporation sold \$1,867,628 thousand of the overdue accounts receivable, which had been written off, to HC First Asset Management Co., Ltd. The aggregate selling price was \$27,268 thousand. Under this contract, the Corporation would no longer assume the risk on this receivable.

(382,365)

5,580,981

\$

(442,089)

5,752,742

e. Prepayments

Less allowance for doubtful accounts

	 September 30		
	2010	2009	
Prepaid commissions	\$ 257,293	198,885	
Prepaid rents	83,238	103,427	
Prepaid insurance	6,186	6,454	
Other	208,533	217,839	
	\$ 555,250	526,605	

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f. Investments accounted for using the equity method

	September 30				
	2010)	2009)	
	% of Carrying Owner-			% of	
			Carrying	Owner-	
	Value	ship	Value	ship	
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd. (TCC)	\$ 9,627,292	100	12,037,623	100	
Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd. (WMT)	298,729	100	194,191	100	
Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd. (TNH)	194,557	49.9	217,957	49.9	
	\$ 10,120,578		12,449,771		
Prepayment for long-term investments					
Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd. (TNH)	49,900		-		
	\$ 10,170,478		12,449,771		

(1) Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.

On December 24, 2009, TCC's Board of Directors resolved to:

- (a) Transfer \$2,300,417 thousand from capital surplus into capital, which increased its issued shares by 230,042 thousand on the record date December 25, 2009;
- (b) Reduce \$3,500,000 thousand of capital to shareholders through the cancellation of 350,000 thousand shares, at the record date of capital reduction (December 26, 2009), the Corporation, based on its 100% ownership in TCC, received \$3,500,000 thousand in July 2010.

In 2007, the Corporation invested Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd. (TFN) indirectly through TCC with shares of the former TFN as investment. Based on the revised SFAS No. 5, "Long-term Investments in Equity Securities," unrealized gains and losses on downstream transactions should be deferred. Thus, the difference between the original carrying cost and the investment price of the former TFN shares of this transaction should be treated as deferred gains. As of September 30, 2010, the amount of deferred credits recognized by the Corporation was \$1,238,378 thousand.

As of September 30, 2010, TCC Investment Co., Ltd. (TCCI, 100%-owned by TCC), TCCI Investment & Development Co., Ltd. (TID, 100%-owned by TCCI) and TFN Union Investment Co., Ltd. (TUI, 100%-owned by TFN), collectively held 811,918 thousand shares of the Corporation. Based on SFAS No. 30, "Accounting for Treasury Stock", the Corporations' shares held by subsidiaries are treated as treasury stock. This accounting treatment reduced the Corporation's long-term investment value by the same amount as treasury stock account value of \$31,889,100 thousand. Please refer to Note 4(q) for details.

(2) Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd.

TNH is established to invest in a property development project located in the old Songshan Tobacco Factory site. On January 15, 2009, TNH signed a 50-year BOT contract with Taipei City Government.

On January 25, 2010, TNH's Board of Directors resolved to increase TNH's capital by \$500,000 thousand, divided into 50,000 thousand shares with par value of \$10 per share, with record date of December 1, 2010. On June 1, 2010, the Corporation paid \$49,900 thousand for this capital increase and recorded such prepayment as prepaid investment.

(3) Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.

WMT's board of directors resolved the rights to issue of 10,000 thousand shares at \$100,000 thousand on July 27, 2010. At the record date (August 1, 2010), the Corporation subscribed for all the shares, and WMT is still a wholly-owned subsidiary.

(4) Equity in investees' net gains or losses

The financial statements used as basis for calculating the carrying values of equity-method investments, and the related income or losses were all unreviewed, except the financial statements of TFN, which is the subsidiaries of TCC, for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, The Corporation's management considered that, had these financial statements been reviewed, any adjustments would have been immaterial and would thus have had no material effects on the Corporation's financial statements.

The Corporation's investment income or losses were as follows:

	For the nine mo Septembe	
	2010	2009
TCC	\$ 2,662,885	2,292,918
TNH	(17,416)	(31,543)
WMT	6,114	(31,544)
	\$ 2,651,583	2,229,831

All the financial statements of subsidiaries have been consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation.

g. Financial assets carried at cost - non-current

	 September 30			
	2010	2009		
Foreign unlisted stocks				
Bridge Mobile Pte Ltd.	\$ 50,324	50,324		

Because there is no active market quotation and a reliable fair value cannot be estimated, the above investments are measured at cost. An impairment loss of \$9,740 thousand was recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

h. Property and equipment - accumulated depreciation

	September 30		
		2010	2009
Buildings	\$	427,485	380,660
Telecommunication equipment		28,740,241	27,436,000
Office equipment		12,804	27,439
Leased assets		534,318	469,167
Miscellaneous equipment		1,325,852	1,179,904
	\$	31,040,700	29,493,170

Capitalized interests for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, were \$4,968 thousand and \$11,643 thousand, respectively, with capitalization rates ranging from 1.56%-2.88% and 2.4%-2.76%, respectively.

i. Goodwill

On September 2, 2008, the Corporation merged with TAT resulting in the recognition of goodwill at the book value of \$6,835,370 thousand.

In conformity with SFAS No. 35, "Accounting for Asset Impairment," the Corporation engaged in mobile service, which was viewed as one cash-generating unit in 2009 and 2008. The critical assumptions to evaluate the recoverable amounts of operating assets and goodwill were as follows:

(1) Assumptions on operating revenues

After taking changes in the telecom industry and competitive landscape into consideration, operating revenues were estimated on the basis of the projected changes in subscriber numbers, minutes of incoming and outgoing calls, and average revenue per minute.

(2) Assumptions on operating costs and expenses

The estimates of commissions, customer retention costs, customer service costs, and bill processing costs were based on the projected changes in subscriber numbers. The estimates of remaining costs and expenses were based on the proportion of the actual costs and expenses to operating revenues in the 2009 financial statements.

(3) Assumptions on discount rate

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Corporation used the discount rate of 8.50% and 7.48%, respectively, in calculating the asset recoverable amounts.

Based on the key assumptions of the cash-generating unit, the Corporation's management believes that the carrying amounts of these assets for operating and goodwill will not exceed their recoverable amounts even if there are changes in the critical assumptions used to estimate recoverable amounts as long as these changes are reasonable for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

j. Assets leased to others and idle assets

	September 30		
		2010	2009
Assets leased to others			
Cost	\$	2,360,237	2,338,558
Less accumulated depreciation		(142,969)	(125,562)
Less accumulated impairment		(10,591)	(10,591)
	\$	2,206,677	2,202,405
Idle assets			
Cost	\$	427,547	641,588
Less allowance for value decline		(35,928)	(187,519)
Less accumulated depreciation		(44,499)	(105,021)
Less accumulated impairment		(126,429)	(128,349)
	\$	220,691	220,699

k. Short-term borrowings

Interest rate

	September 30				
	2010	2009			
\$	6,645,000	-			
	6,500,000	3,300,000			
\$	13,145,000	3,300,000			
0.6	50%~0.893%	0.59%~0.6163%			

September 30

1. Short-term notes and bills payable

Unsecured loans provided by related party

Unsecured loans provided from financial institutions

2010 2009 Commercial paper payable Mega Bills Finance Corporation \$ 200,000 (230)Less discount on short-term notes and bills payable -Net carrying value \$ 199,770 -0.53% Interest rate -2010.09.30~ 2010.11.30 Period

m. Advance receipts

In accordance with NCC's policy, the Corporation entered into a contract with Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., which provided performance guarantee for advance receipts from prepaid card customers. The guaranteed advance receipts from prepaid card customers were \$1,006,687 thousand as of September 30, 2010.

n. Bonds payable

		September 30			
	2010			20	009
	C	urrent	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$	-	8,000,000	7,500,000	8,000,000

(1) 1st domestic unsecured bonds

On December 13, 2002, the Corporation issued \$15,000,000 thousand of domestic unsecured bonds, each having a face value of \$5,000 thousand. There are four different types of bonds based on terms and dates. Types I and II both consist of A to L tranches. Types III and IV both consist of A to M tranches. Types I and II are five-year bonds and Types III and IV are seven-year bonds. The interest rates and payment terms are as follows:

	Principal			Terms
Type I	\$	2,500,000	2.60%	Repayment of \$1,250,000 thousand each in the fourth and fifth years, interest payable annually
Type II		2,500,000	5.21%-6M LIBOR	Repayment on maturity date, interest payable semiannually
Type III		5,000,000	2.80%	Repayment of \$2,500,000 thousand each in the
Type IV		5,000,000	5.75%-6M LIBOR	sixth and seventh years, interest payable annually Repayment on maturity date, interest payable semiannually
	\$	15,000,000		

The last installments of the above-mentioned corporate bonds were repaid by the Corporation in December 2009.

(2) 2nd domestic unsecured bonds

On November 14, 2008, the Corporation issued \$8,000,000 thousand five-year domestic unsecured bonds, each having a face value of \$10,000 thousand and a coupon rate of 2.88% per annum, with simple interest due annually. Repayments will be made in the fourth and

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fifth year with equal installments, i.e. \$4,000,000 thousand, respectively.

Future repayments of the above-mentioned corporate bonds are as follows:

Year	Amount
2012	\$ 4,000,000
2013	 4,000,000
	\$ 8,000,000

o. Long-term borrowings

To provide medium-term working capital, the Corporation and its subsidiary, TFN, entered into a syndicated loan with a joint credit line of \$13,500,000 thousand with 9 banks led by Chinatrust Commercial Bank on February 21, 2008. This joint credit facility covers a period of three years commencing from May 20, 2008. Based on the terms of this agreement, the credit line will be decreased by 50% after two years from the commencing date. As of May 20, 2010, the credit line has been reduced to \$6,750,000 thousand. Also, interests are payable monthly. Upon maturity, the loan is allowed to revolve within its credit limits. The contract requires the Corporation to maintain certain financial ratios including debt ratios, interest coverage, and tangible net asset ratio based on semi-annual financials. The Corporation also bears the repayment liability with respect to TFN's borrowing. Please refer to Note 5 for further information.

p. Pension plan

The Labor Pension Act (LPA) provides for a defined contribution pension plan. Starting from July 1, 2005, the Corporation should contribute monthly an amount equal to 6% of the employees' monthly salaries to the employees' individual pension accounts. The contributed amount was \$79,561 thousand and \$81,643 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The Labor Standards Act (LSA) provides for a defined benefit pension plan. Benefits are based on the length of service and average basic pay of the six months before retirement. The Corporation contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries to a pension fund. The pension fund is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee and deposited in the committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan (formerly the Central Trust of China, which was merged into the Bank of Taiwan in July 2007.) Approved by Department of Labor of Taipei City Government, the Corporation suspended contributing from February 2007 to January 2011.

q. Shareholders' equity

(1) Capital surplus

Under the Company Act, capital surplus may only be used to offset a deficit. However, capital surplus, generated from the excess of the issue price over the par value of capital stock, including the stock issued for new capital and the buyback of treasury stock, may be transferred to capital as stock dividends, and this transfer is restricted to a certain percentage of the paid-in capital and may be made only within prescribed limits each time. Also, the capital surplus from long-term investments may not be used for any other purposes.

(2) Appropriation of earnings and dividend policy

The Corporation's Articles of Incorporation provide that a 10% legal reserve should be set aside from the annual net income after the reduction of accumulated deficit. The remainder, less special reserve based on relevant laws or regulations or business requirements, should be distributed as follows:

- (a) Dividends and bonus to preferred shareholders
- (b) Remuneration to directors and supervisors up to 0.3%
- (c) Bonus to employees 1%-3%
- (d) Remainder, to be appropriated as dividends as determined in the shareholders' meeting

The Corporation's dividend distribution is based on the availability of excess funds. That is, the Corporation first projects future capital needs through a capital budgeting process and then provides for the projected capital needs by using retained earnings. The remainder is available for dividend distribution. However, the amount of stock dividends should not be more than 80% of the total dividends to be distributed in a single year. The final amount, type, and percentage of the dividends are subject to the approval by the Board of Directors and shareholders based on actual earnings and working capital requirements of the Corporation in a particular year.

A regulation issued by the Securities and Futures Bureau requires a special reserve be made from the unappropriated earnings, equivalent to the debit balance of any account shown in shareholders' equity. The special reserve appropriated will be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriation of earnings should be resolved by the shareholders in the following year and given effect in the financial statements of that year.

Under the Integrated Income Tax System, ROC resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for the income tax paid by the Corporation. An imputation credit account (ICA) is maintained by the Corporation for such income tax and the tax credit allocated to each shareholder.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the bonuses to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors were accrued respectively based on 3% and 0.3% of net income (net of the bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors) after setting aside 10% net income as legal reserve. The significant difference between annual accruals and the amount approved by the Board of Directors shall be adjusted in the current year. If the Board of Director's approval differs from the amount ratified at the annual general shareholders' meeting (AGM), the difference will be treated as changes in accounting estimation and will be adjusted in 2011's P&L. If employee bonuses are paid in the form of company shares, the number of employee bonus shares shall be derived from dividing the approved bonus amount by its closing price one day prior to the AGM, adjusted for cash and/or stock dividends if any.

The 2009 and 2008 earning appropriations resolved by the AGMs on June 18, 2010, and June 19, 2009, were as follows:

			Dividend I	Per Share	
	Appropriatio	n of Earnings	(NT\$)		
	For Fiscal	For Fiscal	For Fiscal	For Fiscal	
	Year 2009	Year 2008	Year 2009	Year 2008	
Appropriation of legal reserve	\$ 1,388,886	1,537,138			
Reversal of special reserve	(2,528,259)	(56,744)			
Cash dividends	15,028,235	13,968,864	5.02783	4.68704	
	\$ 13,888,862	15,449,258			

The shareholders on June 18, 2010, resolved to distribute 2009 bonus of \$374,826 thousand to employees and remuneration of \$37,483 thousand to directors and supervisors.

The shareholders on June 19, 2009, resolved to distribute 2008 bonus of \$414,697 thousand to employees and remuneration of \$41,470 thousand to directors and supervisors.

Information on the appropriation of the earnings, bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors proposed by Board of Directors and approved at AGM, is available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(3) Treasury stock

			(Shares in	Thousands)
	Beginning			Ending
Purpose of Buyback	Shares	Increase	Decrease	Shares
For the nine months ended September				
<u>30, 2010</u>				
Shares held by subsidiaries	811,918	-	-	811,918
For the nine months ended September				
<u>30, 2009</u>				
To be transferred to employees	24,193	-	24,193	-
Shares held by subsidiaries	811,918	-	-	811,918

(a) Transfer of stock to employees

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Corporation transferred 24,193 thousand shares bought back from the market to employees at NT\$43.8 per share, resulting in a reduction of \$3,254 thousand in capital surplus.

Under the Securities and Exchange Act, the buyback amount of treasury stock should not exceed 10% of total issued shares, and the buyback cost should not exceed the sum of the retained earnings, additional paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. In addition, the Corporation should not provide treasury stock as collateral and should not exercise shareholders' rights on those shares before transfer.

(b) Shares held by subsidiaries

As of September 30, 2010, the carrying and market value of the Corporation's stocks held by TCCI, TID, and TUI (all are the subsidiaries 100%-owned by the Corporation) were \$52,368,686 thousand. The Corporation reclassified \$31,889,100 thousand from investments, accounted for using the equity method to treasury stock based on SFAS No. 30, "Accounting for Treasury Stock." Although these shares are treated as treasury stock in the consolidated financial statements, the shareholders are entitled to excise their rights on these shares, except for the participation in capital injection by cash. In addition, based on the ROC Company Act, the shareholders of treasury stocks cannot exercise the voting right.

(4) Unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments

Unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was summarized as follows:

	For the nine months ended		
	September 30		
		2010	2009
Available-for-sale financial assets			
Balance, beginning of period	\$	63,624	54,455
Fair value changes recognized directly in equity		15,079	4,387
		78,703	58,842
Changes in unrealized gains (losses) of cash flow hedge			
Balance, beginning of period		-	61,864
Fair value changes recognized directly in equity		-	(21,228)
		-	40,636
Changes in unrealized gains (losses) recognized by the equity accounted investees			
Balance, beginning of period		-	(122,216)
Fair value changes recognized directly in equity		-	122,216
		-	-
Unrealized gains on financial instruments	\$	78,703	99,478

r. Income tax expense

(1) The reconciliation of imputed income taxes on pretax income at statutory tax rate to income tax expense was as follows:

	For the nine months ended September 30		
		2010	2009
Tax on pretax income at statutory tax rate	\$	2,138,924	3,373,781
Add (deduct) tax effects of:			
Permanent differences			
Investment income from domestic investees accounted			
for using the equity method		(450,769)	(557,458)
Other		(1,726)	(3,639)
Temporary differences		(125,325)	(296,330)
Deferred income taxes		469,623	775,870
Prior years' adjustment		(83,364)	(163,789)
Investment tax credits		(962)	(5,487)
Tax on short-term bills		-	244
Income tax expense	\$	1,946,401	3,123,192

On May 27, 2009, the Legislative Yuan passed the amendment of Article 5 of the Income Tax Act, which reduced a profit-seeking enterprise's income tax rate from 25% to 20%, effective January 1, 2010. On June 15, 2010, the Legislative Yuan passed the amendment of Article 5 of the Income Tax Act to reduce corporate statutory income tax rate from 20% to 17%, effective January 1, 2010. The Corporation recalculated its deferred tax assets and liabilities in accordance with the amended Article and recorded the resulting difference as an income tax expense.

	September 30		
		2010	2009
Unrealized loss on retirement of property and equipment	\$	1,122,622	1,582,263
Provision for doubtful accounts		261,567	498,892
Amortization of goodwill		(161,391)	(98,733)
Depreciation resulting from the differences in estimated service lives of properties		108,341	55,872
Provision for impairment losses on idle assets		25,445	45,973
Unrealized gain on financial instruments		-	(13,545)
Other		23,338	9,954
		1,379,922	2,080,676
Less valuation allowance		(195,838)	(239,297)
	\$	1,184,084	1,841,379
Deferred income tax assets			
Current	\$	2,439	29,225
Non-current		1,181,645	1,812,154
	\$	1,184,084	1,841,379

(2) Deferred income tax assets (liabilities) were as follows:

(3) Integrated income tax information was as follows:

	September 30		
		2010	2009
Balance of imputation credit account (ICA)	\$	651,908	1,165,940

As of September 30, 2010, there were no unappropriated earnings generated before January 1, 1998. The actual creditable ratios for the 2009 and 2008 earnings appropriation were 28.67% and 35.28%, respectively. The imputation credits allocated to the shareholders are based on the ICA balance as of the date of dividend distribution.

(4) The latest years through which income tax returns had been examined and cleared by the tax authorities were as follows:

	Year
The Corporation	2007; only 2006 not
	applicable
TAT	2007
Trans Asian Telecommunications Inc.(The former TAT)	All applicable
Mobitai Communications	2006

The Corporation's income tax returns for the years up to 2007 had been examined by the tax authorities, except for 2006. The Corporation filed for corrections of its 1999 through 2001 income tax returns. In addition, the Corporation disagreed with the results on the income tax returns of 2002 through 2005, 2007 and had filed requests for reexamination.

TAT's income tax returns as of 2007 had been examined by the tax authorities. TAT disagreed with the examination results of the income tax returns and had requested a reexamination of the 2006 and 2007 income tax returns.

The former TAT's income tax returns as of 2006 had been examined by the tax authorities. The former TAT disagreed with the examination results of the 2002 and 2003 income tax returns and had filed an appeal of retrial which is reviewed by the Supreme Court of the R.O.C. The former TAT also filed administrative proceedings for 2004 and 2005 income tax returns.

Mobitai's income tax returns as of 2006 had been examined by the tax authorities. Mobitai disagreed with the result on the income tax returns and plans to apply for a reexamination of the 2006 income tax return.

s. Earnings per share

	Amounts (Numerator)			EPS (NT\$)	
	Before Income Tax	After Income Tax	Shares (Denominator) (Thousands)	Before Income Tax	After Income Tax
For the nine months ended September 30, 2010					
Basic EPS					
Income of common shareholders	\$ 12,581,908	10,635,507	2,989,008	4.21	3.56
Add effect of dilutive potentially common stock			8 200		
- bonus to employees			8,290		
Diluted EPS					
Income of common shareholders with dilutive					
effect of potential common shares	\$ 12,581,908	10,635,507	2,997,298	4.20	3.55
For the nine months ended September 30, 2009 Basic EPS	¢ 12 405 162	10 271 071	2.076.042	4.52	2.40
Income of common shareholders	\$ 13,495,163	10,371,971	2,976,043	4.53	3.49
Add effect of dilutive potentially common stock—bonus to employees			9,863		
Diluted EPS					
Income of common shareholders with dilutive					
effect of potential common shares	\$13,495,163	10,371,971	2,985,906	4.52	3.47

The ARDF issued Interpretation No. 2007-052 that requires companies to recognize bonuses paid to employees and remunerations to directors and supervisors as compensation expenses beginning January 1, 2008. These bonuses and remunerations were previously recorded as appropriations from earnings. If the Corporation may settle the bonus to employees by cash or shares, the Corporation should presume that the entire amount of the bonus will be settled in shares, and the potential share dilutions should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the calculation of diluted EPS if the shares have a dilutive effect. In the calculation of diluted EPS, the number of outstanding shares is derived from dividing the entire amount of the bonus by the closing price of the shares at the balance sheet date. Such potential dilutive effect should be taken into consideration in the calculation of diluted EPS until the shareholders resolved the actual number of shares to be distributed to employees at the AGM of the following year.

t. Financial instrument transactions

(1)Fair value information

		Septen	nber 30	
	20	10	20	09
Financial instruments	Carrying		Carrying	
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,017,610	1,017,610	1,009,239	1,009,239
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss – current	199,120	199,120	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	190,182	190,182	173,039	173,039
Hedging derivative financial assets – current	-	-	54,181	54,181
Notes receivable	9,385	9,385	16,434	16,434
Accounts receivable (including related parties)	5,634,120	5,634,120	5,771,821	5,771,821
Other receivables (including related parties)	12,773,909	12,773,909	2,342,019	2,342,019
Pledged time deposits	-	-	10,000	10,000
Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	50,324	-	50,324	-
Refundable deposits	316,783	316,783	316,331	316,331
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Short-term borrowings	13,145,000	13,145,000	3,300,000	3,300,000
Short-term notes and bills payable	199,770	199,770	-	-
Accounts payable	2,657,816	2,657,816	1,954,001	1,954,001
Income taxes payable	493,156	493,156	731,409	731,409
Accrued expenses	4,482,755	4,482,755	4,406,649	4,406,649
Other payables	3,340,144	3,340,144	3,572,102	3,572,102
Guarantee deposits (including current portion)	330,427	330,427	325,447	325,447
Bonds payable (including current portion)	8,000,000	8,292,016	15,500,000	15,752,533

- (2) The methods and significant assumptions applied for determining fair values of financial instruments were as follows:
 - (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets
 based on quoted prices in an active market at the balance sheet date
 - (b) Financial assets carried at cost non-current based on the net worth of the investee or estimated book value; this is because there is no active market for unlisted stocks, and a reliable fair value could only be verified at a more than reasonable cost
 - (c) Bonds payable-based on the over-the-counter quotations in September

- (d) Derivative financial instruments based on valuation results provided by Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited and Citibank Taiwan Limited. As of September 30, 2010, the financial instrument held by the Corporation was evaluated by the bid price of counter party
- (e) The book values of short-term financial instruments approximate their fair value due to their short maturities; short-term financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, receivables, pledged time deposits, refundable deposits, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, payables, and guarantee deposits
- (3)The fair values of financial assets and liabilities were not simultaneously determined by quoted prices in active markets and by estimations using valuation technique.
- (4)The financial assets exposed to fair value interest rate risk amounted to \$12,993,250 thousand and \$2,618,717 thousand as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and the financial liabilities exposed to fair value interest rate risk amounted to \$21,344,770 thousand and \$13,800,000 thousand as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The financial assets exposed to cash flow interest rate risk amounted to \$491,675 thousand and \$441,784 thousand as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and the financial liabilities exposed to cash flow interest rate risk amounted to \$0 thousand and \$5,000,000 thousand as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.
- (5) Information on financial risks:
 - (a) Market risk

The Corporation did not enter into any financial derivatives transactions, which will have big exposure to exchange rate and interest rate risks.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the potential impacts to financial assets that the Corporation might encounter if counter-parties or third parties breach the contracts. Factors that affect the impacts include credit risk concentration, components of financial instruments, contract amount, and other receivables. The Corporation's evaluation of credit risk exposure as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, were both zero because all counter-parties are reputable financial institutions with good credit ratings.

The Corporation's maximum credit risk exposure of each financial instrument is the same as its carrying value.

The credit risk amount listed above is an evaluation over the contracts with positive fair

value at the balance sheet date and the contracts of off-balance-sheet commitments and guarantees. Significant concentration of credit risk exists when counter-parties in financial instrument transactions significantly concentrate on one individual, or when there are a number of counter-parties in financial instrument transactions, but these counter-parties are engaged in similar business activities and have similar economic characteristics so that their abilities to perform contractual obligations would be concurrently affected in similar economic changes or other situations. The characteristics of credit risk concentration include the nature of the debtors' operating activities. The Corporation does not rely significantly on single transaction and transact with single client or in the same region.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Corporation's operating funds are deemed sufficient to meet the cash flow demand; therefore, liquidity risk is not considered to be significant.

5. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a. The related parties and their relationships with the Corporation were as follows:

Related Party	Relationship with the Corporation		
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd. (TCC)	Subsidiary		
Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd. (WMT)	Subsidiary		
Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd. (TFMT)	Subsidiary		
Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Fu Sin Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Fu Jia Leh Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Global Forest Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
TWM Holding Co. Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Super Basketball Co., Ltd. (TSB)	Subsidiary		
TT&T Holdings Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Xiamen Taifu Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd. (TFN)	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Digital Communications Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
(TT&T)			
TCC Investment Co., Ltd. (TCCI)	Subsidiary		
TFN Union Investment Co., Ltd. (TUI)	Subsidiary		
TCCI Investment and Development Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
(TID)			
Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
TFN Media Co., Ltd. (TFNM)	Subsidiary		
Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Mangrove Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance		
Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
TFN HK LIMITED	Subsidiary		
TWM Communications (Beijing) Ltd. (formerly named Hurray! Times Communications (Beijing) Ltd.) (TWMC)	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Taiwan Kuro Times Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary (changed relationship with the		
	Corporation on September 1, 2010)		
ezPeer Multimedia Limited	Subsidiary (changed relationship with the		
Taiwan Mobile Foundation (TWM Foundation)	Corporation on September 1, 2010) Over one third of the Foundation's issued fund can from the Corporation		
Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd. (TNH)	Equity-method investee		
•	Same chairman		
Fubon Life Assurance Co., Ltd.	Same channan		

Related Party	Relationship with the Corporation
Fubon Marketing Co., Ltd. (formerly named Fubon	Related party in substance (renamed on April 13,
Direct Marketing Consulting Co., Ltd.)	2009)
Fubon Financial Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Multimedia Technology Co., Ltd. (FMT)	Related party in substance
Fubon Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chung Hsing Constructions Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Land Development Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Financial Holding Company	Related party in substance
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (TFCB)	Related party in substance
Fubon Securities Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Future Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Investment Services Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fubon Insurance Co., Ltd. (Fubon Ins.)	Related party in substance
Fubon Property Management Co., Ltd. (FPM)	Related party in substance
Fubon Real Estate Management Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Taiwan Sport Lottery Corporation (TSL)	Related party in substance
Tai Yi Digital Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Equity-method investee of TCC (liquidated on February 28, 2009)
Reach & Range Inc.	Subsidiary (merged into TFN on May 1, 2009)
TFN Investment Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary (merged into TCCI on September 19, 2009)
Shin Ho Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance (liquidated on December 1, 2009)

b. Significant transactions with related parties were summarized below:

(1) Operating revenues

	For the	For the nine months ended September 30			
	201	.0	200	9	
		% of		% of	
		Total		Total	
	Amount	Revenues	Amount	Revenues	
TFN	\$ 1,667,688	4	1,722,753	4	

The Corporation mainly rendered telecommunication services to the above companies. The average collection period for notes and accounts receivable was approximately two months.

(2) Operating costs

	For the nine months ended September 30				
	2010	2010			
		% of		% of	
		Total		Total	
	Amount	Costs	Amount	Costs	
TFN	\$ 1,417,457	6	991,272	5	
Fubon Ins.	33,310	-	39,883	-	
	\$ 1,450,767		1,031,155		

These companies rendered telecommunication, maintenance and insurance services to the Corporation. The average payment term for notes and accounts payable was approximately two months.

(3) Property transaction

	For the nine me	onths en	ded	
Purchase of property	September 30, 2010			
	Description of property		Amount	
TWMC	Telecommunication equipment	\$	28,328	

(4) Rental income

		Fo	or the nine m	onths ended
			September	30, 2010
	Leased Property		2010	2009
TFN	Offices and BTS, etc.	\$	89,399	89,594
FMT	Office appliance, etc.		26,222	24,784
		\$	115,621	114,378

The above lease transactions were based on market price and rent was collected monthly.

(5) Cash in banks

	September 30				
	2010		2009		
	A	mount	%	Amount	%
(a) Cash in banks					
TFCB	\$	73,950	7	85,977	9
(b) Pledged time deposits			-		
TFCB	\$	-		10,000	100

~34~

(6) Receivables and payables

	September 30				
		2010		2009	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
(a) Accounts receivable					
TFN	\$	39,296	1	13,782	-
TFCB		12,038	-	3,220	-
Other		1,805	-	2,077	-
	\$	53,139	-	19,079	
(b) Other receivables					
TCC (Note 1)	\$	6,570,340	51	-	-
TFNM (Note 1)		5,964,388	47	-	-
TFN		57,214	-	55,436	2
FMT		3,032	-	11,877	-
TFMT (Note 1)		-	-	2,052,508	88
Other		106	-	1,733	-
	\$	12,595,080	=	2,121,554	

Note 1: Financing to related parties was as follows:

	 For the n	30, 2010		
	Ending	Maximum	Interest Rate	Interest
Related Party	Balance	Balance	%	Income
TCC	\$ 6,560,000	6,560,000	0.893~0.896	10,340
TFNM	5,950,000	6,150,000	0.838~0.893	18,944
WMT	 -	59,000	0.838~0.851	235
	\$ 12,510,000	12,769,000	-	29,519
			-	

	 For the nine months ended September 30, 2009					
	Ending	Maximum	Interest Rate	Interest		
Related Party	 Balance	Balance	%	Income		
TFMT	\$ 2,032,000	2,032,000	0.867~2.417	36,268		
	_		Septemb	oer 30		
---	----	---------	---------	---------	----	--
		2010		2009		
	A	Amount	%	Amount	%	
(c) Prepayments						
Fubon Ins.	\$	11,491	2	11,758	2	
(d) Accrued expenses			_			
TFN	\$	380,324	8	228,104	5	
TT&T		99,713	2	70,353	2	
TSB		9,000		10,000	-	
	\$	489,037	_	308,457		
(e) Other payables			-			
TFN	\$	90,538	3	111,475	3	
TWMC		16,898	1	-	-	
	\$	107,436		111,475		
(f) Other current liabilities - collections and temporary credits for the following			-			
TFN	\$	87,524	17	88,067	21	
			_			

(7) Other

F	or the nine mo	nths ended
	Septembe	er 30
	2010	2009
\$	59,443	57,938
\$	628,283	650,550
\$	27,000	30,000
\$	16,691	16,132
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 59,443 \$ 628,283 \$ 27,000

For the nine months end September 30			
	2010	2009	
\$	19,080	18,435	
	13,649	676	
\$	32,729	19,111	
\$	7.007	30,400	
	\$	September 2010 \$ 19,080 13,649 \$ 32,729	

(8) Financing from related parties was as follows:

	For the r	nine months end	ded September 3	30, 2010
Related Party	Ending Balance	Maximum Balance	Interest Rate %	Interest Expense
TFN	\$ 6,645,000	7,145,000	0.893	10,646
	For the r	nine months end	ded September 3	30, 2009
	Ending	Maximum	Interest Rate	Interest
Related Party	Balance	Balance	%	Expense
TFN	\$-	1,600,000	1.068~2.417	16,869

(9) Endorsement/guarantee provided

- (a) The Corporation provided \$21,500,000 thousand guarantee for TFN's bank loans. The Corporation also provided \$21,298,300 thousand in promissory notes outstanding for TFN's borrowings with banks. TFN has drawn down \$1,544,420 thousand from banks within the guarantee amount.
- (b) The Corporation and its subsidiary, TFN, obtained \$13,500,000 thousand of syndicated loan from 9 banks led by Chinatrust Commercial Bank. Based on the terms of the agreement, the credit line will be decreased by 50% after two years commencing from May 20, 2008. As of May 20, 2010, the credit line has been reduced to \$6,750,000 thousand. The Corporation provided a guarantee for TFN's bank loan. As of September 30, 2010, the Corporation and TFN had not made any drawdown on this loan.
- (c) As of September 30, 2010, the Corporation had provided TFN with \$50,000 thousand as performance guarantee for IDD calling card service issued by July 31, 2008, in accordance with NCC's new policy effective from April 1, 2007.

(10) Other

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Corporation provided services to companies below and fees received by the Corporation, which were recorded as deductions from related costs and expenses. The Corporation's service charges received were as follows:

\mathbf{F}	or the nine m	onths ended
	September 30	
	2010	2009
\$	332,141	342,140

6. ASSETS PLEDGED

The assets pledged as collaterals for credit line of deposit overdraft were as follows:

Septer	nber 30
2010	2009
\$ -	10,000

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT EVENTS

- a. To enhance 3G mobile communications, expand network coverage, and increase the service functions, the Corporation entered into a 3G expansion contract with Nokia Siemens Networks Taiwan Co., Ltd. for \$4,800,000 thousand in September 2006 and \$3,672,092 thousand in May 2009, respectively. As of September 30, 2010, the purchase amount was \$4,735,510 thousand and \$2,651,458 thousand, respectively.
- b. Future minimum rental payments as of September 30, 2010, for significant operating lease agreements, were summarized as follows:

	A	nount
The fourth quarter of 2010	\$	8,569
2011		38,727
2012		35,328
2013		26,758
2014		26,310

8. SIGNIFICANT CASUALTY LOSS: NONE

9. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS: NONE

10. OTHER

a. Labor cost, depreciation, and amortization expense

			For th	e nine months	ended Septemb	er 30	
	OperatingOperatingOperatingCostsExpensesTotalCosts						
)perating	Operating		Classified as Operating	Classified as Operating	
		Costs	Expenses	Total	Costs	Expenses	Total
Labor cost							
Salary	\$	696,253	1,390,638	2,086,891	693,394	1,467,344	2,160,738
Labor and health insurance		39,975	70,590	110,565	38,107	69,793	107,900
Pension		27,651	46,971	74,622	27,460	48,548	76,008
Other		32,894	60,558	93,452	31,400	57,105	88,505
Depreciation		4,973,915	429,205	5,403,120	4,820,358	407,255	5,227,613
Amortization		567,768	89,721	657,489	571,824	76,499	648,323

b. Reclassification

Certain accounts in the financial statements as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of financial statements as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

11. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

The following were the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Corporation and its investees:

- a. Financing provided: Table 1 (attached)
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Table 2 (attached)
- c. Marketable securities held: Table 3 (attached)
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- f. Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- g. Total purchase from or sale to related parties amounting to at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (attached)

- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 6 (attached)
- i. Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Corporation exercised significant influence: Table 7 (attached)
- j. Derivative transactions :

The Corporation entered into interest rate swap (IRS) contracts in December 2002 to hedge fluctuation on inverse floating interest rates of bonds, which are settled semiannually. Please refer to Note 4. (t) for the related information.

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		Contract	
Financial Instrument	Term	Amount	Due Date
Interest rate swap contracts	Inverse floating interest rate in	\$ 5,000,000	December,
	exchange for fixed interest rate		2009
	of 2.45%		

The Corporation entered into IRS contracts to hedge inverse floating interest rate fluctuation. For the year ended 2009, the Corporation recognized gains of \$84,485 thousand, recorded as deduction to interest expense.

- k. Investment in Mainland China:
 - (1) The name of the investee company in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, ownership, investment gain or loss, ending balance, amount received as earnings distributions from the investment, and the limitation on investment: Table 8 (attached)
 - (2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee company, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in Mainland China on financial reports: None

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Financial information disclosure by industry segment is not required for interim report.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

No.	Lending Company	Borrowing Company	Financial Statement Account	Maximum Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Interest Rate	Financing Purpose	Transaction Amounts	Reasons for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	F
0	Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	\$ 59,000	\$ -	0.838%~0.851%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operation requirements	\$ -	
	1 /	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	6,150,000	5,950,000	0.838%~0.893%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	
		Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	6,560,000	6,560,000	0.893%~0.896%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	
1	Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	4,670,000	-	0.838%~0.847%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	T
		TCC Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	2,286,000	-	0.845%~0.854%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	
		Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	123,000	123,000	0.847%~0.896%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	
2	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	8,040,000	-	0.838%~0.847%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	T
		The Corporation	Other receivables	7,145,000	6,645,000	0.893%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	
3	Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	742,000	-	0.838%~0.940%	Transactions	280,431	Business requirements	-	T
				580,000	580,000	0.851%~0.893%	Short-term financing	-	Repayment of financing	-	
4	Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	220,000	220,000	0.845%~0.940%	Transactions	232,096	Business requirements	-	T
5	Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	760,000	490,000	0.838%~0.893%	Transactions	578,711	Business requirements	-	
6	Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	410,000	255,000	0.838%~1.068%	Transactions	517,971	Business requirements	-	
7	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	307,000	-	0.839%~0.845%	Transactions	59,712	Business requirements	-	
8	Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	45,000	33,000	0.838%	Short-term financing	-	Repayment of financing	-	Ť
		Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	4,000	4,000	0.851%	Short-term financing	-	Repayment of financing	-	
9	Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related parties	4,000	-	0.867%	Short-term financing	-	To meet its financing needs in acquiring minorities	-	Ī

Note 1: For the entities which have short-term financing needs (loaning entities), the aggregate amount of loaning fund shall not exceed 40 percent of the financing company's net worth. The individual loaning fund shall be limited to the lowest amount of the following items: 1) 40 percent of the financing company's net worth; 2) the amount that the financing company invests in the loaning entities; or 3) the amount = (the share portion of the loaning entities that the financing company invests)* (the total loaning amounts of the loaning entities). In the event that a financing company directly or indirectly 100% owns a counter-party, the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of loaning funds shall not exceed 40% of the financing company's net worth. Note 2: Where funds are loaned for reasons of business dealings and short-term financing needs, the amount of loaning funds shall be both limited to the higher amount of the following items: 1) a multiple of the financing company's capital, or 2) the amount of business dealing. A) for reasons of

Note 2: Where funds are loaned for reasons of business dealings and short-term financing needs, the amount of loaning funds shall be both limited to the higher amount of the following items: 1) a multiple of the financing company's capital, or 2) the amount of business dealing. A) for reasons of business dealings: the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of loaning funds shall be both limited to the higher amount of the following items: 1) a multiple of the financing company's capital, or 2) the amount of business dealing. B) for short-term financing needs: the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of loaning funds shall not exceed 40% of the financing company's net worth.

Note 3: Where funds are loaned for reasons of business dealings and short-term financing needs, the amount of loaning funds shall be limited to the total amount of business dealing and 40% of the financing company's net worth. A) for reasons of business dealings: the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of loaning funds shall not exceed the amount of business dealing. B) for short-term financing needs: the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of loaning funds shall not exceed 40% of the financing company's net worth. Note 4: Where funds are loaned for reasons of business dealings, the individual lending amount and the aggregate amount of the following items: 1) a multiple of the financing company's capital, or 2) the amount of business dealing.

TABLE 1

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) Collateral Lending Limit Lending for Each Company's Lending Amount Borrowing Item Value Company Limits 19,076,001 \$ \$ 19,076,00 (Note 1) (Note 1) 19,076,001 19,076,00 (Note 1 (Note 1 19,076,001 19,076,00 (Note 1) (Note 1) 21,600,631 21,600,63 -(Note 1 (Note 1) 21,600,631 21,600,631 (Note 1) (Note 1) 21,600,631 21,600,63 (Note 1) (Note 1 14,239,846 14,239,846 -_ (Note 1) (Note 1) 14,239,846 14,239,846 (Note 1) (Note 1) 13,500,000 13,500,000 (Note 2) (Note 2) 735.044 13,500,000 (Note 2) (Note 2) 232,096 491,580 (Note 3) (Note 3) 12,000,000 12,000,000 (Note 4) (Note 4) 24,000,000 24,000,000 -(Note 4) (Note 4) 15,000,000 15,000,000 -(Note 4) (Note 4) 119,492 119,492 (Note 1) (Note 1) 119,492 119,492 (Note 1) (Note 1) 79,007 79,007 --(Note 1) (Note 1

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

No.	Endorsement/Guarantor (A)	Receiving Party Name (B)	Nature of Relationship (B is A's)	Maximum Guarantee/ Endorsement Amount Can Be Provided to Each Receiving Party	Maximum Balance for the Period (Note 1)	Ending Balance (Note 1)	Value of Collaterals	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Worth of the Guarantor (Note 1)	Maximum Guarantee/ Endorsement Can Be Provided by the Guarantor/Endorser
0	Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	(Note 2)	\$ 42,000,000 (Note 3)	\$ 34,878,330	\$ 28,098,300	\$ -	58.92%	\$ 47,690,004
1	Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	(Note 4) (Note 6)	20,000 (Note 5)/ (Note 6)	146	146	-	0.20%	72,803 (Note 5)

Note 1: Maximum guarantee/endorsement amount for the period and the ending balance are the amount allowed, not actual appropriation.

Note 2: Direct/indirect subsidiary

Note 3: For 100% direct/indirect owned subsidiaries, the aggregate endorsement/guarantee amount provided shall not exceed the net worth of the Corporation, and the upper-limit to each subsidiary shall be the double of the investment amount.

Note 4: Parent company

Note 5: TT&T is directly and indirectly 100% owned by TFN. The endorsement/guarantee amount provided by TT&T, shall be limited within the net worth of TT&T, and not over the double of the investment amount in TT&T.

Note 6: Following the sale by TFN of its 100% shareholdings in TT&T on May 14, 2010, the endorsement/guarantee provided by TT&T is for transaction. The aggregate endorsement/guarantee amount shall not exceed the net worth of TT&T, and the individual endorsement/guarantee amount shall not exceed the amount of business dealing. The amount of business dealing is \$145,552 thousands.

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		Relationship with		(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or stat September 30, 2010				
Investing Company (A)	Marketable Securities Invested (B)	the Investing Company (B is A's)	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value (Note 1)	Note
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Beneficiary certificates Fubon Yield Enrichment Fund of Funds	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	20,000	\$ 199,120	- \$	5 199,120 (Note 5)	
	<u>Stock</u> Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,717	190,182	0.028	190,182 (Note 6)	
	Bridge Mobile Pte Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	2,200	50,324	10	(Note 6) - (Note 3)	
	Yes Mobile Holdings Company	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	74	- (Note 2)	0.19	- (Note 3)	
	Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd. Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method	37,200 30,000	298,729 9,627,292 (Note 4)	100	298,729 54,001,577	
	Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd.	Equity-method investee	Long-term investments - equity method	24,950	194,557		194,557	
			Prepayment for long-term investments	-	49,900	-	-	
Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd. Taiwan Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method	27,000 16	197,516 9,949		197,516 9,949	
Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd. Fu Jia Leh Media Technology Co., Ltd. Fu Sin Media Technology Co., Ltd. Global Forest Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method	8,400 100 13,500 100	88,413 779 139,415 654	100 100	88,413 779 139,415 654	
Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	3,815	92,102	6.813	44,197	
Fu Sin Media Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	2,272	130,533	3.34	30,253	
Global Forest Media Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	326 shares	4	0.0002	4	
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	6,998	67,731	5.21	-	
	Parawin Venture Capital Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	3,000	20,207	3	(Note 3) - (Note 3)	

TABLE 3

(Continued)

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Investing Company	Marketable Securities Invested	Relationship with		September 30, 2010							
(A)	(B)	the Investing Company (B is A's)	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of M Ownership	Note				
	Transportation High Tech Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	1,200	\$ - (Note 2)	12 \$	- (Note 3)				
	WEB Point Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	803	6,773		- (Note 3)				
	TWM Holding Co. Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	1 share	US\$ 7,353	100 US\$					
	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	•	Long-term investments - equity method	2,100,000			35,599,616				
	Taiwan Digital Communication Co., Ltd.	•	Long-term investments - equity method	1,200	10,845		10,845				
	TCC Investment Co., Ltd.	•	Long-term investments - equity method	3,950	24,342,742		24,215,559				
	Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	•	Long-term investments - equity method	1,000	72,803		72,803				
WM Holding Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> TWM Communications (Beijing) Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	-	US\$ 2,810	100 US\$	1,919				
aiwan Teleservices &	Stock	Subsidiory	Long term investments acquity method	1,300	1 265 I 265	100 US\$	1 265				
Technologies Co., Ltd.	TT & T Holdings Co., Ltd.	•	Long-term investments - equity method				,				
	Taiwan Super Basketball Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	2,000	22,652	100	22,652				
T&T Holdings Co., Ltd.	Stock										
-	Xiamen Taifu Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	-	US\$ 1,353	100 US\$	1,353				
CC Investment Co., Ltd.	Stock										
	Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	The Corporation	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	222,774	14,368,935	5.86	14,368,935 (Note 6)				
	Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.		Long-term investments - equity method	18,177	257,464	100	249,847				
	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	230,526	1,981,638	100	3,923,702				
	TCCI Investment and Development Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	400	8,374,725	100	8,374,725				
	Great Taipei Broadband Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	10,000	42,845	6.67	-				
							(Note 3)				
	Preferred stock										
	Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation Unlisted Convertible Preferred Stock - Series A	-	Bonds measured at amortized cost - non - current	50,000	500,000	1.24	- (Note 3)				
CCI Investment and	<u>Stock</u>										
Development Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	The Corporation	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	132,849	8,568,739	3.50	8,568,739 (Note 6)				
FN Media Co., Ltd.	Stock										
	Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	33,940	2,067,465	100	542,985				

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Laurating Commons	Markatakla Saguriting Inwastad	Relationship with			September 3	0, 2010		
Investing Company (A)	Marketable Securities Invested (B)	the Investing Company (B is A's	Financial Statement Account	tt Account Shares/Units (Thousands)		Percentage of Ownership	Market Value (Note 1)	Note
	Mangrove Cable TV Co., Ltd. Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd. Union Cable TV Co., Ltd. Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method	6,248 65,818 170,441 51,733	3,100,966 2,042,117 1,221,803	96.66 99.99 92.38	(Note 7) 876,461 1,837,369 599,283	
Taiwan Kuro Times Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Kuro Times Co., Ltd. <u>Stock</u> ezPeer Mulitimedia Limited	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method	667	60,232 US\$ 1,518		35,325 US\$ 1,518	
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> TFN Union Investment Co., Ltd. TFN HK LIMITED Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	Subsidiary Subsidiary -	Long-term investments - equity method Long-term investments - equity method Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	400 1,300 225,531	28,764,766 HK\$ 1,155 2,120,829	100	28,764,766 HK\$ 1,155 - (Note 3)	
TFN Union Investment Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	The Corporation	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	456,295	29,431,012	12	29,431,012 (Note 6)	

Note 1: Based on the investee's net worth as shown in its latest financial statements if market value was not available.

Note 2: Impairment loss recognized in 2004 reduced the value to zero.

Note 3: As of October 13, 2010, the independent auditors' report date, the investee's net worth was not available.

Note 4: The Corporation's shares held by TCCI, TID and TUI (all are subsidiaries 100%-owned by TCC) are classified as treasury shares. Therefore, the Corporation's carrying cost of \$54,001,577 thousand on TCC shall be reduced by 1) downward adjusting \$31,889,100 thousand, the carrying value of total treasury shares on the Corporation's book, 2) excluding \$12,954,942 thousand unrealized gain from financial assets investment, 3) adding back \$475,907 thousand income tax expenses resulted from TFN and TFNI's disposal gain from the Corporation's shares, and 4) excluding recognition of upstream transactions gain of \$6,150 thousand.

Note 5: Based on the net asset value on September 30, 2010.

Note 6: Based on the closing price on September 30, 2010.

Note 7 70.47% shares are held under trustee accounts.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED OR DISPOSED AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST \$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

												(In Thous	ands of New T	aiwan Dollars)
	Marketable Securities	Financial Statement		Nature of	Beginning	Balance	Acquisit	ion		Dispo	osal		Ending H	Balance
Company Name	Type and Issuer	Account	Counter-party	Relationship	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Shares/Units (Thousands)	Amount
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Beneficiary certificates	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	-	-	-	\$-	20,000	\$ 200,000	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	20,000	\$ 199,120
	Stock Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Long-term investment-equity method	Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	27,200	192,615	10,000 (Note 1)	100,000	-	-	-	-	37,200	298,729 (Note 2)
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> TCCI investment Co., Ltd.	Long-term investment-equity method	TCCI investment Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	2,100	21,092,818	1,850 (Note 1)	1,850,000	-	-	-	-	3,950	24,342,742 (Note 2)
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u> New Century infocomm Technology Co., Ltd.	Financial assets Carried at cost –non-current	Yuan Cing Infocomm Tech Co., Ltd.	-	21,890	187,042	-	-	21,890	238,541	187,042	51,499	-	-

Note 1: The shares/units and amount of marketable securities acquired do not include stock dividends from investees.

Note 2: The ending balance includes the unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments, cumulative translation adjustments, investment income or loss recognized under the equity method, and other adjustments in long-term investment using equity method.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES TOTAL PURCHASE FROM OR SALE TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST \$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Company Name	Related Party	Nature of		Transaction Details				s with Terms rom Others	(In Thousand Notes/Accourt or Receiption		
(A)	(B)	Relationship (B is A's)	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Note
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	\$ (1,667,688)	(4)	Based on contract terms	-	-	\$ 369,257	6	(Note 1)
			Purchase	1,476,900	(Note 2)	Based on contract terms	-	-	(395,051)	(Note 3)	
	Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchase	628,283	(Note 4)	Based on contract terms	-	-	(99,713)	(Note 5)	
Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	Ultimate parent	Sale	(628,415)	(85)	Based on contract terms	-	-	99,729	86	
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	Ultimate parent	Sale Purchase	(1,473,692) 1,669,503	. ,	Based on contract terms Based on contract terms	-	-	395,051 (368,708)		
TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Channel leasing fee	(363,390)	(18)	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	1,708	1	
	Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Channel leasing fee	(328,740)	(16)	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	2,731	2	
	Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Channel leasing fee	(170,560)	(8)	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	968	5 1	
	Globalview Cable Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Channel leasing fee	(146,652)	(7)	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	1,241	1	
Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Royalty of copyright	170,560	62	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(968)	(9)	
Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Royalty of copyright	328,740	62	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(2,731)	(16)	
Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Royalty of copyright	363,390	65	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(1,708)	(10)	
Globalview Cable Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Royalty of copyright	146,652	63	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(1,241)	(11)	
Mangrove Cable Co., Ltd.	Dai-Ka Ltd.	Related party in substance	Royalty of copyright	118,769	60	Based on contract terms	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	-	-	

Note 1: The \$369,257 thousand accounts receivable amount was expressed on a gross basis in accordance with sales amount. The net accounts receivable should be \$39,296 thousand after deducting accounts payable and Note 1: The \$369,257 thousand accounts receivable amount was express accrued custodial receipts/payments totaled \$329,961 thousand. Note 2: Included operating costs and operating expenses. Note 3: Included accounts payable and accrued expenses. Note 4: Recognized as operating expenses. Note 5: Recognized as accrued expenses. Note 5: Recognized as accrued expenses. Note 6: No comparables on such kind of transactions.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST \$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship		Turnover	Over	due	Amount Received in	New Taiwan Dollars) Allowance for Bad
(A)	(B)	(B is A's)	Ending Balance	Rate	Amount	Action Taken	Subsequent Period	Debts
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Accounts receivable \$ 369,257 Other receivables 57,214	6.03	6 - -	-	\$ - 9,940	\$ - -
	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Other receivables 5,964,388		-	-	120,185	-
	Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Other receivables 6,570,340		-	-	-	-
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Other receivables 123,171		-	-	-	-
Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	Ultimate parent	Accounts receivable 99,729	10.12	-	-	17	-
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	L	Accounts receivable395,051Other receivables6,842,199	5.70	-	-	169,244 67,282	
Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Accounts receivable 24,758 Other receivables 491,367	4.12	-	-	-	-
Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Accounts receivable 16,544 Other receivables 581,358	3.28	-		-	-
Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Accounts receivable 11,117 Other receivables 220,556	3.44	-	-	-	-
Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Parent	Accounts receivable 23,391 Other receivables 255,839	4.07	- -	-		-

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND OTHER INFORMATION OF INVESTEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

				Investme	nt Amount	Balance	as of September 3		Net Income	llars or stated o	71101 W180
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products		December 31,	Shares	Percentage of	Carrying	(Loss) of the	Investment	Note
				2010	2009	(Thousands)	Ownership	Value	Investee	Income (Loss)	
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd. (the "Corporation")	Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Telecom engineering and IT service	\$ 37,558,330	\$ 37,558,330	30,000	100	\$ 9,627,292 (Note 1)	\$ 2,661,509	\$ 2,662,886	
	Taipei New Horizons Co., Ltd. Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan	Real Estate Rental and Sale Investment	249,500 372,000	249,500 272,000	24,950 37,200	49.9 100	194,557 298,729		(17,416) 6,114	
Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd. Taiwan Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan	Investment TV program producing	270,000 10,000	270,000	27,000 16	100 100	197,516 9,949		NA NA	
Tai Fu Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd. Fu Jia Leh Media Technology Co., Ltd. Fu Sin Media Technology Co., Ltd. Global Forest Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei County, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan	Investment Investment Investment Investment	84,000 1,700 135,000 1,000	84,000 1,700 135,000 1,000	8,400 100 13,500 100	100 100 100 100	88,413 779 139,415 654	(190) 3,404	NA	
Global Wealth Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Taipei County, Taiwan	Cable TV service provider	91,691	90,099	3,815	6.813	92,102	57,509	NA	
Fu Sin Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Kaohsiung County, Taiwan	Cable TV service provider	133,358	133,358	2,272	3.34	130,533	108,100	NA	
Global Forest Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Yilan County, Tawian	Cable TV service provider	4	-	326 shares	0.0002	4	101,813	NA	
Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	TWM Holding Co. Ltd. Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd. Taiwan Digital Communication Co., Ltd. TCC Investment Co., Ltd. Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd. (Note 3)	British Virgin Islands Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan	Investment Fixed line service provider Telecom engineering and IT service Investment Call center service and ISR (international simple resales)	US\$ 10,800 21,000,000 12,000 22,301,000 10,000	21,000,000 12,000	1 share 2,100,000 1,200 3,950 1,000	100 100 100 100 100	US\$ 7,353 35,599,616 10,845 24,342,742 72,803	1,502,754 (105) 1,179,717	NA NA	
TWM Holding Co. Ltd.	TWM Communications (Beijing) Ltd.	Beijing, China	Mobile application development and design	US\$ 4,936	US\$ 4,936	-	100	US\$ 2,810	US\$ (1,101)	NA	
Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	TT&T Holdings Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment	US\$ 1,300	US\$ 1,300	1,300	100	US\$ 1,365	US\$ (69)	NA	
	Taiwan Super Basketball Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Basketball team management	20,000	20,000	2,000	100	22,652	2,642	NA	
TT&T Holdings Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Taifu Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Xiamen, China	Call center service	US\$ 1,300	US\$ 1,300	-	100	US\$ 1,353	US\$ (37)	NA	
TCC Investment Co., Ltd.	Win TV Broadcasting Co., Ltd. TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan	TV program provider Cable broadband and value added service provider	188,047 2,035,714	179,047 2,035,714	18,177 230,526	100 100	257,464 1,981,638			
	TCCI Investment and Development Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Investment	6,629,149	6,629,149	400	100	8,374,725	-	NA	
TFN Media Co., Ltd.	Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd. Mangrove Cable TV Co., Ltd	Taipei County, Taiwan Taipei County, Taiwan	Cable TV service provider Cable TV service provider	1,616,824 397,703	1,616,824 397,703	33,940 6,248 (Note 2)	100 29.53	2,067,465 569,548	99,950 66,119	NA NA	
Taiwan Kuro Times Co., Ltd. Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd. Union Cable TV Co., Ltd. Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd. Taiwan Kuro Times Co., Ltd. ezPeer Multimedia Limited TFN Union Investment Co., Ltd. TFN HK LIMITED	Kaohsiung County, Taiwan Yilan County, Taiwan Taipei County, Taiwan Taipei, Taiwan Samoa Taipei, Taiwan Hong Kong	Cable TV service provider Cable TV service provider Cable TV service provider The platform of music supplied Investment Investment Telecommunications service provider	2,294,967 1,904,436 841,413 63,900 US\$ 1,519 22,769,109 HK\$ 1,300	841,413 - - 22,769,109	65,818 170,441 51,733 667 1,519 400	96.66 99.99 92.38 54.988 100 100 100	3,100,966 2,042,117 1,221,803 60,232 US\$ 1,518 28,764,766 HK\$ 1,155	101,813 57,509 (6,989) US\$ (2)	NA NA NA NA	

Note 1: The Corporation's shares held by TCCI, TID and TUI (all are subsidiaries 100%-owned by TCC) are classified as treasury shares. Therefore, the Corporation's carrying cost of \$54,001,577 thousand on TCC shall be reduced by 1) downward adjusting \$31,889,100 thousand, the carrying value of total treasury shares on the Corporation's book, 2) excluding \$12,954,942 thousand unrealized gain from financial assets investment, 3) adding back \$475,907 thousand income tax expenses resulted from TFN and TFNI's disposal gain from the Corporation's shares, and 4) excluding recognition of upstream transactions gain of \$6,150 thousand.

Note 2: 70.47% shares are held under trustee accounts.

Note 3: On May 14, 2010, TFN sold to TCC its 100% shareholdings in TT&T.

TAIWAN MOBILE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

				1.000	mulated	Investm	ent F	lows	Accur	nulated						Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Out Investn Taiw	tment from wan as of Outflow Inflow Inflow		Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of September 30, 2010% Ownership of Direct or Indirect		Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 3)		Carrying Value as of June 30, 2010		Inward Remittance of Earnings as of September 30, 2010			
Xiamen Taifu Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	Call center service	US\$ 1,300 I (NT\$ 40,794)	Indirect investment in Mainland China through a third place by the Corporation's subsidiary, Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd.	US\$ (NT\$	1,300 \$ 40,794)	-	\$	-	US\$ (NT\$	1,300 40,794)		(US\$ (NT\$	37) (1,161))	US\$ (NT\$	1,353 42,457)	\$-
ГWM Communications (Beijing) Ltd.	Mobile application development and design	US\$ 3,000 I (NT\$ 94,140)	Indirect investment in Mainland China through a third place by the Corporation's subsidiary, Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd.	US\$ (NT\$	4,872 152,883)	-		-	US\$ (NT\$	4,872 152,883)	100% ownership of indirect investment by the Corporation's subsidiary	(US\$ (NT\$	1,101) (34,549))	US\$ (NT\$	2,810 88,178)	

_	Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2010	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 2)	Upper Limit on Investment Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 2)
	US\$1,300 (NT\$40,794)	US\$1,300 (NT\$40,794)	\$80,000
	US\$4,872 (NT\$152,883)	US\$4,872 (NT\$152,883)	\$54,001,577

Note 1: The above amounts were translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rate of US\$1=NT\$31.38, and RMB1=NT\$4.6828 as of September 30, 2010.

Note 2: The indirect investment made by Taiwan Teleservices & Technologies Co., Ltd. and Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd., subsidiaries of the Corporation.

Note 3: Calculation was based on unreviewed financial statements.